SI.No.M21318 Course code: 32718202

$\label{lem:constraint} \mbox{VINAYAKA MISSION'S RESEARCH FOUNDATION, SALEM} \\ \mbox{B.Sc(NUCLEAR MEDICINE TECHNOLOGY)} \mbox{ DEGREE EXAMINATIONS -} \\$

September 2021

Second Year

PHYSICS OF NUCLEAR MEDICINE INSTRUMENTATION

Three Hours Maximum: 75 marks

SECTION - A

I. Choose the Best Answer:

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

- 1. Electrons are positioned:
 - a. inside the nucleus

- b. outside the nucleus
- c. both inside and outside the nucleus d. at all of the above locations
- 2. The radius of a nucleus is how much smaller than that of an atom:
 - a. 10 times

b. 100 times

c. 1.000 times

- d. 10.000 times
- 3. The number of protons in a nucleus is expressed by the symbol:
 - a. A

b. Z

c. X

d. M

- 4. Which of the following is the smallest?
 - a. a molecule

b. an atom

c. a nucleus

d. an electron

- 5. Gamma-ray photons have:
 - a. no mass and no electric charge
 - b. no mass and an electric charge of +1
 - c. no mass and an electric charge of +2
 - d. no mass and an electric charge of -1
- 6. In spontaneous fission:
 - a. nuclear stability is always achieved
 - b. the nucleus splits into 2 or 3 fragments
 - c. the fragments are never radioactive
 - d. the nucleus is unchanged
- 7. Internal Conversion involves:
 - a. the emission of a gamma-ray
 - b. the conversion of a neutron to a proton
 - c. K-capture
 - d. none of the above processes

(p.t.o.)

- 8. The Decay Constant is a measure of:
 - a. only the number of alpha particles emitted
 - b. only the number of beta particles emitted
 - c. only the number of gamma rays emitted
 - d. none of the above
- 9. The Half Life of 99m-Tc is 6 hours. After how much time will one eighth of the radioactivity in a sample remain?

a. 6 hours

b. 12 hours

c. 18 hours

d. 24 hours

10. If $\ln x = y$, then:

a. ln y = x

b. $\exp y = x$

c. $\exp y = -x$

 $d. \exp -y = x$

II. Write Short Answers on any FIVE of the following:

 $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

- 11. Standard deviation.
- 12. Shielding requirement of well counter.
- 13. The dot factor in imaging of radioactivity.
- 14. Field of view.
- 15. Radioimmuno Assays.
- 16. Positron Emitting Isotpoes.
- 17. Isomeric Transition.

III. Write Short Essays on any TWO of the following:

 $(2 \times 10 = 20)$

- 18. Isotope Calibrator
- 19. System Resolution.
- 20. Integral and differential counting.
- 21. Isotope Calibrator.

IV. Write Essays on any ONE of the following:

 $(1 \times 20 = 20)$

- 22. Explain the different types of collimators used in Gamma Camera.
- 23. Gas filled radiation detectors.

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